HISTORIC CITY OF GEORGE TOWN WORLD HERITAGE SITE







HISTORIC CITY OF GEORGE TOWN - WORLD HERITAGE SITE

On 7th July 2008, Melaka and George Town under serial nomination were awarded the coveted title of World Heritage Site, and were listed under the category of Cultural Heritage by the UNESCO World Heritage Committee. These sites, known as the "Historic Cities of the Straits of Malacca" were recognised for the living multicultural heritage communities and architectural treasures. Having spent over 500 years as trading centres and settlements, Melaka and George Town certainly earned this prestigious title by fostering and benefiting from the rich cultural exchanges between East and West. The true value of George Town's historic aura is simply too unique to define. It is said that there's no other site quite like it anywhere else in the world.

These are lists of places that reflect both tangible and intangible heritage in George Town World Heritage Site. You will find a detailed description of each site listed overleaf to aid in your understanding of their significance.

♦ CULTURAL ENCLAVE ♦

The myriad sites within the Cultural Enclave define the history of George Town in richness and variety. Within the enclave, you will find the sites that span the breath and depth of the multicultural melting pot that make George Town what is it today. From the Street of Harmony to clan kongsis and associations, this is the place that begs to be explored.

- 2 Goddess of Mercy Temple E8 3 Sri Maha Mariamman Temple F
- 6 Kapitan Keling Mosque F
- 7 Han Jiang Ancestral Temple F7
- 8 Lim Kongsi G8
- 9 Cheah Kongsi G8
- 10 Central Fire Station G 11 Hock Teik Cheng Sin Temple G
- 12 Leong San Tong Khoo Kongsi G 13 Yan Temple & Ciii Temple Gf
- 14 Dr Sun Yat Sen's Penang Base G6 4 Noordin Family Mausoleum Fi 15 George Town World Heritage Incorporated G6
- 6 Kapitan Keling Family Mausoleum F6 16 Syed Al-Attas Mansion G6 Acheen Street Malay Mosque G6
 - 18 Yong Da Guan H
 - 19 Eng Chuan Tong Tan Kongsi H6 20 Boon San Tong Khoo Kongsi II

♦ CLAN JETTIES ▶

Built by the clansmen of olden days, the clan jetties were segregated into distinct communities of Chinese people that arrived in George Town in search of a better future. Denoted by the clan surnames such as Chew. Tan and Lee among others, the jetties were traditionally occupied by people of that surname and the decendents of which still occupy the homes which line the jetties to this day.

♦ THE WATERFRONT ♦

Once the heart of George Town's trading port, the sites that dot the

waterfront of George Town reads like a where's where of colonial history.

Choose from the iconic Fort Cornwallis to the majestic colonial buildings

of the Town Hall and City Hall, from the old Custom's Building to Convent

Light Street. The waterfront is perfect for the intrepid explorer to discover

- 3 Ong Jetty H9 3 Chew Jetty 19
- 25 Lee Jetty 18 Wew Jetty I

a building that won the UNESCO 'Most Excellent' Heritage Conservation Award in 2000, the Eastern and Oriental Hotel which still operates to this day, the Protestant Cemetery where Francis Light, founder of George Town was buried in 1794 and the quaint narrow streets of Leith Street, Love Lane, Muntri Street and Stewart Lane filled with their many treasures.

♦ LEISURE ZONE ♦

The outstanding sites in the leisure zone includes Cheong Fatt Tze Mansion,

- 64 Penang State Museum C8
- 65 Church of the Assumption C7 66 St. Xavier's Institution C6
- 67 Cheong Fatt Tze Mansion Ct 68 The Garage B
- 69 Eastern & Oriental Hotel A6 70 Leong Yin Kean Mansion A4
- 7 Protestant Cemetery B4
- 72 Catholic Cemetery B4
- Mission Houses E Segara Ninda B4
 - 75 St. Francis Xavier's Church B4
 - 76 Benggali Mosque C4 77 Hainan Association & Temple C
 - 78 Shao Lin Association De 79 Ta Kam Hong D6
 - 80 Loo Pun Hong D6 61 Soon Tuck Wooi Kwon De

♦ ENTERPRISE ZONE ♦

The enterprise zone is located in the buffer zone of George Town's UNESCO World Heritage Site. Businesses in this zone often operate out of shophouses that make up the characteristic of this area. The Campbell Street Market still retains much of it's small town charm to this day. Walk through this area and be pleasantly surprised by the many restaurants, street food and eateries you will find here

- 82 Yeng Keng Hotel & Gateway D5 Bato Koyah Shrine C2
- 85 Ng Fook Tong D5 66 Campbell Street Market Fi

Traditional Kitchenware Retailer G8

13 Printing Press and Book Binder F9

15 Hindu Religious Goods and Indian

Kitchenware Retailer F

Joss Stick Maker E

20 Flower Garland Makers E

22 Sarong and Textile Traders F

23 Publisher of Islamic Books F

21 Money Changer and Numismatic

19 Nasi Kandar Sellers F

M Spice Merchants F

16 Indian Goldsmith E

Songkok Maker Fill

84 Meng Eng Soo F4

◆ HERITAGE TRADERS ◆

In George Town, the colonial architecture and heritage shophouses that give the city it's undeniable character are only part of the story. It is the people of George Town that gives the city it's soul. They represent a living heritage, the traditional trades and artisans, that still exists and do business now as they used to do in George Town all those years ago.

- Signboard Carver F
- 2 Chinese Seal Cutter and Calligrapher 12 Perfumer G8
- 3 Paper Oblation Craftsman G4 Pastry Baker (Coconut Tarts) E4
- Pak Tong Kou and Hum Chim Peng 6 Kapok Pillow and Mattress Maker

Stonemason and Tombstone

Shoe Maker (with Nyonya Beaded

7 Coffee Roaster G4

Rattan Weaver I

Engraver I

- 40 Koh Seang Tat's Fountain CS 42 Logan Memorial
- Supreme Court Building Ca 4 Government House B8 45 Convent Light Street B8

Esplanade C10

63 Cenotaph B

40 Town Hall C

34 Immigration Department Building 35 State Assembly Building D11

the colonial past of George Town

29 Boustead and German merchant

31 Zhemchug Wreck Marker B11

32 Bangunan Tuanku Syed Putra E11

33 Queen Victoria Memorial Clock

30 Swettenham Pier D1

♦ BUSINESS DISTRICT **♦**

Take a stroll through the traditional business district of George Town where many international banks still operate to this day. From the grand old stone building that houses Standard Chartered to the recently restored Logan's Heritage and Whiteaways Arcade, the Pinang Peranakan Museum, a mecca for Peranakan history and Little India to name but a few sites of interest, this part of George Town retains many examples of fine architecture that makes George Town a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

- 49 Yeoh Kongsi G9
- 43 Chin Association E8 49 Ensemble of Chinese temples and
- 49a Chung Shan Wooi Koon 49b - King Street Tua Pek Kong
- 49c War Emperor's Temple
- 49e Ng See Kah Miew
- 6 Poe Choo Seah E8

- 63 Kwangtung and Tengchow
- Magore Durgha Shrine F Association E 64 Pinang Peranakan Museum E9
- 65 George Town Dispensary F10 association buildings. E9 60 India House E1
 - Whiteaways Arcade E 53 Sun Wui Wui Koon E10
 - Logan Heritage Building E1 60 Former ABN-Amro Bank E11 60 HSBC Bank E11
- 49d Toi Shan Ningyang Wui Kwon 62 Standard Chartered Bank D11 63 House of Yeap Chor Ee D10
- 1 ee Association F9
- 62 Oh Kongsi E9

- EATERIES
- ① CF Foodcourt, Penang Hawkers Food 016 422 6180 H8 2) China House, Asian-Western Fusion (
- 3 De Dai Tong, Cantonese and Dim Sum 04 263 6625 E4 (4) D'Dapor, Malay 04 262 9323 D10
- 5) Edelweiss, Swiss 04 261 8935 G 6 Eng Loh, Local Coffee Shop, Eggs and Toast, Penang Hawkers Food
- 04 261 5526 E Goh Huat Seng, Teochew Steamboat 04 261 5811 F4
- Pak Hock, Hainanese Chicken Rice 010 465 8599 E 9 Hainan Town Straits Chinese 04 263 8633 (
- 1 IL Bacaro, Venetian/Italian 04 261 8290 E4 (2) Kimberley Street, Streetside Hawkers Food F4
- Woodlands, Indian Vegetarian 04 263 9764 E (4) Nasi Padang Minang, Indonesian 016 477 1237 C2
- 15 Pinang Peranakan, Straits Chinese 04 261 2269 E11
- Quay Cafe, Chinese Vegetarian 012 403 6659 F10 Rainforest, Western-styled Bakery 04 261 4641 F6 18 Red Garden Food Court, Penang Hawkers Food C5
- Shing Kheng Aun, Hokkien 04 261 4786 E7 Sri Weld Food Court, Penang Hawkers Food E11
- Thirty Two Mansion, Western Fusion 04 262 2232 A4
- Toh Yuen, Cantonese, Dim Sum & Hainanese Chicken Rice 04 261 4672 F4 Via Pre, Italian 04 261 9800 F1 29 Jawi House 04 261 3680 G6
- Pinaon Time Tunnel The History Museum 04 261 9181 B8 Yeng Keng, Hainanese 04 262 2177 D5 Made in Penang Interactive Museum 04 262 6119 F11

USEFUL NUMBERS When dialing from outside Malaysia, begin with +6.

1 Bee Chin Heong, Chinese prayer paraphernalia 04 261 4113 F4 (2) China Joes, Eclectic homewears, gifts, antiques 04 262 7299 G7 3 Chinese Jewellers Enclave, Jewellery E5

DOME

Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah

86 Campbell Street Market, Local produce F6 (5) Chowrasta Market, Local produce E3

SHOPPING

KOMTAR

- 6 Ghee Hiang, Biscuits and Teel Seed Oil 04 262 0635 G9
- 7 Indian Muslim Jewellers Enclave, Jewellery F (8) Little India, Spices, Textiles and Other Indian Goods F8
- 9 41 Living Story, Local-themed knick-knacks 04 263 6103 D (10) Penang Bazaar (Jual Murah), Textiles E

GALLERIES & MUSEUMS

- 1 Batik Painting Museum 04 262 4800 G 2 Ben's Vintage Tov Museum 017 696 6836 G6
- 3 Camera Museum 04 261 3649 D6 4 Chai Diam Ma, Art Gallery and Café 016 431 4452 E8
- (5) Studio Howard, Photo Art 016 551 1428 F 6 Galeri Seni Mutiara, Paintings and Sculptures 04 262 0167 F6 7 Penang State Art Gallery 04 261 3144 C9
- Straits Chinese Jewellery Museum 04 264 2929 E9 64 Penang State Museum 04 226 1461 C8 63 The House of Yeap Chor Ee, Straits Chinese Antiques 04 261 0190 D10

Police 24-Hour Hotline 04 269 1999

EMERGENCY NUMBERS

Emergency (when using mobile phone)

Telephone directory assistance

Emergency

AIRLINES

Lion Air

Singapore Airlines

Penang International Airport

Operator service

Air Asia (AirAsia X Guest)	600 8
Cathay Pacific	03 203
China Airlines	03 214
China Southern Airlines	04 22
Firefly	03 784
Jetstar	1800 8
Korea Airlines	03 203
Malaysia Airlines (MAS)	1300.8

27 8878 15 4543 88 3000

Lebuh Farquhar

Tourism Malaysia 18 9417 PUBLIC TRANSPORT 81 3090 Rapid Bus 30 0200 Taxi Companies 03 7841 5333 City Badio Taxi Service 03 2692 3122 Penang Taxi Drivers Association

04 643 4411 PP Radio Taxi Service

Gleneagles Medical Centre

04 250 3410 Loh Guan Lye Specialists Centre 04 238 8888

TOURISM INFORMATION

State Tourism Office

Tourist Information Centre

04 262 5721 04 642 5961

04 222 9111

04 228 8222

04 650 5136

04 263 1166

04 281 8766 United Kingdom

Canada

Denmark

Finland

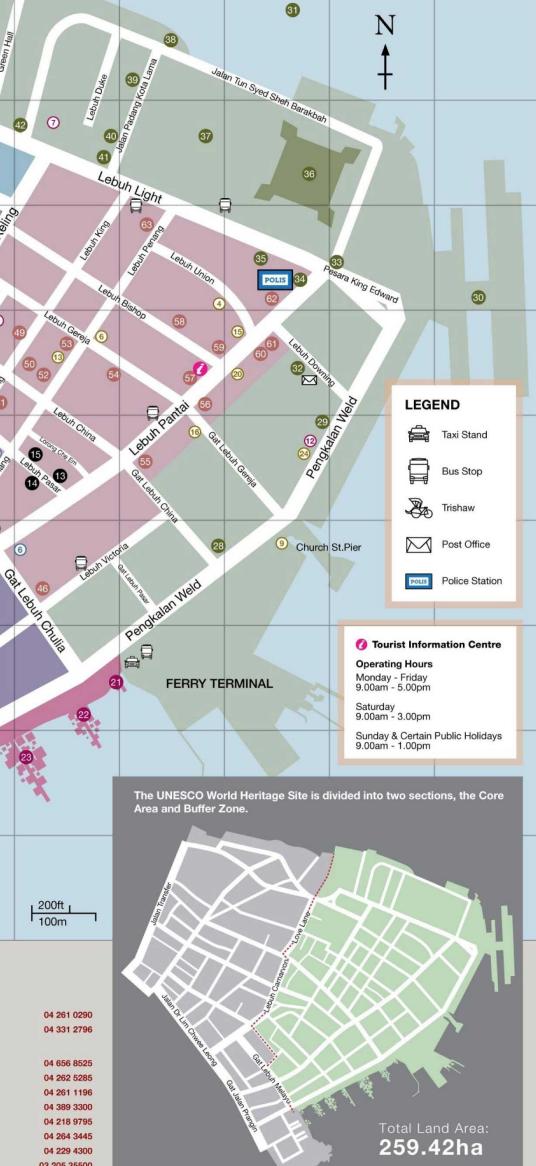
44

Buffer Zone

The Core Zone is protected by 150.04 hectares of Buffer Zone bounded by the sea, Jalan Transfer on the west and Jalan Dr Lim Chwee Leong and Gat Jalan Prangin on the

Core Area

The Core Zone covers an area of 109.38 hectares, and contains more than 1,700 buildings. It is bounded by a coastline along the north and east, and by Love Lane to the northwest and Gat Lebuh Melayu, Lorong Carnarvon and Lebuh Carnarvon to the south-west corner.



George Town World Heritage Site

♥ Penang, Malaysia

INTRODUCTION

In 2008, Melaka and George Town under serial nomination were awarded the coveted title of World Heritage Site under the category of Cultural Heritage by the UNESCO World Heritage Committee. The "Historic Cities of the Straits of Malacca" were jointly recognised for the living multicultural heritage communities and architectural treasures.

Once a British trading post and settlement, the city of George Town is located on the North East guarter of Penang Island. Named after Britain's King George III, George Town is a cultural melting pot that bears rich influences from both its former British ties and the influx of immigrants from around the region that flocked to George Town in search of wealth and fortune.

In this visual guide, you will find a comprehensive listing of the sites of historic interest that make the city of George Town unique from its peers, a map indicating the locations of the sites listed and a short description of each site detailing their historical significance. Also included is a guide to the heritage trades that underpin the multicultural status of George Town.



OUTSTANDING UNIVERSAL VALUES

Justification for Inscription

"The Historic Cities of the Straits of Malacca Melaka and George Town" both met the criteria of Outstanding Universal Values (OUV) as defined by the UNESCO World Heritage Committee. OUVs are a set of ideas or values which are universally recognised as important or as having influenced the evolution of mankind as a whole at one time or another.

- Melaka and George Town represent exceptional examples of multi-cultural trading towns in East and Southeast Asia, forged from the mercantile and civilization exchanges of Malay. Chinese, Indian and European cultures.
- Melaka and George Town are living testimony to the multi-cultural heritage and tradition of Asia, where the greatest religions, and cultures met. The coexistence of distinct faiths - both tangible and intangible - in particular the different religious buildings, is a testament to the religious pluralism of Asia.
- Melaka and George Town reflect the coming together of cultural elements from elsewhere in the Malay Archipelago and from India and China with those of Europe to create a unique architecture, culture and townscape without parallel anywhere in the East and South East Asia, in particular, a range and exceptional architecture of shophouses and townhouses.



♦ CULTURAL ENCLAVE ♦



1 St. George's Church This is the oldest Anglican church in Southeast Asia, and will celebrate its bicentenary in 2018. Tel: 04 261 2739



Goddess of Mercy Temple Reputedly the oldest Chinese temple in Penang, it was built in 1800 and controlled by equal Hokkien and Cantonese representation on the trustee board.



3 Sri Maha Mariamman Temple t was a shrine in 1790s and was replaced by a temple in 1833. Temple expansion was

4 Noordin Family Mausoleum* The mid-19th century mausoleum of Indian Muslim merchant Mohamed Merican Noordin which also housed a school for the Muslim community. He was buried here in



Kapitan Keling Mosque*

Built in 1803, the brick mosque was named after the Captain of the Indian Muslim community, Kapitan Keling Kadir Mydin Merican, who is recognised as its founder.

6 Kapitan Keling Family Mausoleum*

Comprising the graves of Kadir Mydin Merican (an Indian Muslim community leader and founder of the Kapitan Keling Mosque) and his family members.

Han Jiang Ancestral Temple The Teochew community temple was built Built in 1808, the mosque was a centre of in 1864. It is the first Malaysian Chinese Haj travel during the 19th century serving temple to use fibre optic and LED lighting for its decorative details. Tel: 04 261 5629

B Lim Kongsi The surname clan association temple's construction started in 1863 and was completed three years later. It is the parent of



Cheah Kongsi

It is one of the oldest Hokkien clan associations in Penang, established in 1810. The clan temple was completed in 1870s.



Central Fire Station

Built in 1909, it remained as the Central Fire The branch of Leong San Tong Khoo Kongsi Station until 1964 when its role was taken over by the newly completed Perak Road than Leong San Tong by 20 years. Fire Station. External viewing.

t was the headquarters of the Kien Tel-Society, a Hokkien secret society, from 1850 till its dissolution in 1890. Tel: 04 262 3663

11 Hock Teik Cheng Sin Temple



Leong San Tong Khoo Kongsi Completed in 1906, it belongs to the Khoo surname clan and is one of the finest Chinese clan temples outside China. Tel: 04 261 4609

Yap Temple & Ciji Temple he Yap clan temple was built in 1920 while the adjoining Ciji Temple, dedicated to the clan's patron deities, was constructed in 1950. Tel: 04 261 0679



Dr. Sun Yat Sen's Penang Base neadquarters from 1910 to 1912. It also housed the Penang Philomatic Union and Tongmenghui (Penang branch). Tel: 04 262 0123



13 George Town World Heritage ncorporated (GTWHI)

The building was a clinic in 1930s, later a barbershop, and other uses. Restored in 2003 and now home to GTWHI. Penang's State Agency for Heritage. Tel: 04 261 6606

16 Sved Al-Attas Mansion Built in 1860, the mansion was the residence of Sved Al-Atas, a 19th century Malay



Acheen Street Malay Mosque pilgrims from as far as Sumatra and



18 Yong Da Guan (a.k.a. Eng Tai Hooi Kuan)

The clan association, founded in 1840, represents two Hakka dialect groups from Eng Teng (Yongding) and Tai Pu (Dabu) counties, China



Eng Chuan Tong Tan Kongsi The Tan clan association was established in 1810 and the existing temple was built in 1878. Tel: 04 262 2630

Boon San Tong Khoo Kongsi was founded in 1878 and its building is older Tel: 04 261 7054

→ CLAN JETTIES →





Built on stilts over the sea, this traditional Chinese waterfront settlement was home to the city's early stevedores and fisherfolk. The Clan Jetties are a cherished and conserved element of George Town's cultural heritage legacy.

Ong Jetty 2 Lim Jetty Chew Jetty

24 Tan Jetty 25 Lee Jetty

20 New Jetty W Yeoh Jetty → THE WATERFRONT →

50 Fort Cornwallis

moat was filled up in 1922.

be returned to public use.

replace their old one and it was given up in

1940 to be demolished for the Esplanade to

In 1929, the cenotaph costing 12,000

Straits Dollars was unveiled on Armistice

Day. It was damaged during Allied bombings

time in 1960 since its construction. External

and parties, it was declared open in 1880.

Its rooms were used as municipal offices

until 1903. The building was also once used

Philanthropist Koh Seang Tat donated

the fountain in 1883. Koh's mansion was

Erected in memory of James Richardson

Logan by residents of the Straits

Settlements in 1873. Logan was a pioneer

Built in late 18th century, it was occupied

by the East India Company before being

bought by Convent Light Street in 1859 and

for championing rights of non-whites.

Supreme Court Building

only built in 1903. External viewing.

Government House

45 Convent Light Street

turned into a Novitiate.

Moh Seang Tat's Fountain

42 Logan Memorial

in 1945 and was rebuilt three years later.

28 Customs Building

nen known as Federated Malay States Railway Station (completed in 1909), it had booking offices, a restaurant and a waiting hall for passengers boarding the train in Butterworth, External viewing,

29 Boustead and German Merchant Houses

construction began in 1891 and completed Completed in 1903, the City Hall was in 13 months. German merchant houses occupied by the Municipal Council the occupied from No. 2 to 5 Weld Quay. following year. It was renovated for the first External viewing.

Swettenham Pier Completed in 1904 at a cost of 640,000 40 Town Hall

Straits Dollars, large vessels such as liners Built for social functions such as weddings were able to berth at the pier. External 3 Zhemchug Wreck Marker

A red buoy marks the site where the Russian as a private college until its reinstatement as cruiser wreck. Zhemchug was torpedoed by a venue for civic events after its restoration German cruiser SMS Emden at the Battle of in 2005. External viewing. Penang in 1914. Bangunan Tuanku Syed Putra

10-storey building was completed in 1962, housing Federal and State departments. External viewing. 3 Queen Victoria Memorial Clock

Located on the site of a Japanese godown

during the Japanese Occupation, the located at the site of Dewan Sri Pinang.

Jubilee. It was presented to George Town in but the existing Supreme Court Building was

Central Police Station. It became the State by Francis Light for private and official

→ BUSINESS DISTRICT →

Assembly building in 1963. External viewing. residences. External viewing.

Penang millionaire Cheah Chen Eok paid for the building of the 60-ft tower to commemorate Queen Victoria's Diamond The court house was sited here since 1809

1902. External viewing. Immigration Department Building Built in 1890, it was a police administrative office with the Police Courts (present State Assembly Building) located next to it, forming part of the police complex. External

35 State Assembly Building The mid-19th century building served as Lays claim to being the oldest girls' school the Police Courts which was part of the in Malaysia. Built on land first occupied

Yeoh Kongsi

The Yeoh clan association was founded in

he shrine, built in 1800s, commemorates a

13th century Muslim Saint of Nagore, South

India. Tamil Muslims from Taniore, India.

A Chin surname clan association of Toishan

district, Guangdong, China. Building

constructed in 1914. The association was

Ensemble of Chinese Temples

The temple is controlled by Cantonese and Hakka

dialect groups and is a branch of the Tua Pek

occupied the administrative building and the temple

(Mandarin: Wu) surname clan. Tel: 04 262 5557

Lee (Mandarin: Li) was renovated from a

of the building was completed in 1893.

t is a surname clan association comprising

three organizations: Tay Koon Oh Kongsi,

Seh Foo Kongsi Ann Teng Tong, and Teng

Bee Oh Toon Bok Tong, It was officially

established only recently in 1988 and its members can trace their origin to their

progenitor, Nian Ba Lang. Tel: 04 262 0480

Kwangtung and Tengchow

present building was completed in 1941.

established in 1876. Tel: 04 261 6871

and Association Buildings

49b - King Street Tua Pek Kong Temple

introduced the saint's shrine to Penana.

1836 and it was in 1841 that the clan temple

Nagore Durgha Shrine*

Chin Association

49a - Chung Shan Wooi Koon

Kong Temple in Taniong Tokong

Kwan Kong is the clan's patron deity

49d - Toi Shan Ningyang Wui Kwon

49c - War Emperor's Temple

since 1832. Tel: 04 262 5295

Lee Association

shophouse. Tel: 04 226 7634

Poe Choo Seah

Tel: 04 262 9343

Oh Kongsi

Association

49e - Ng See Kah Miew

Pinang Peranakan Museum ormer residence of Hai San secret society eader Kapitan Cina Chung Keng Kwee 1821-1901). Built in late 1890s on the site Ghee Hin secret society headquarters. Tel: 04 264 2929

George Town Dispensary Established in 1889 and the existing building was erected in 1926, it had physician's consultation rooms and laboratories. It also supplied imported chemicals and drugs.

Built by S.N.A.S. Sockalingam Chettiar in 1937, the commercial building served as United States Information Service (USIS) information centre between 1951 and 1970. External viewing



Established in early 1800s by clansmen from the 50 Whiteaways Arcade

Heong San district, Guangdong Province, China. Opened in 1903, the British departmental The present building was completed in the mid-store chain shared its premises with other companies. It moved to another building along Lebuh Bishop by 1914.

Sun Wui Wui Koon

Established in 1870s, the Cantonese district clan association members have The Kwan Kong temple, dated back to late 1850s, ancestral origins in Sanwui (Xinhui) district in is an annex of the Toi Shan Ningyang Wui Kwon. Guangdong, China. Tel: 04 261 5918

The association whose members have ancestral It was originally a three-storey building origins from Toishan district, Guangdong, China, when constructed in 1880s and had the uppermost floor levelled because of its structural instability in 1930s.

Logan Heritage Building

A 19th century building featuring Cantonese style Former ABN-Amro Bank architecture. Its members are Cantonese of the No The Dutch bank building was opened in 1905 It was first established as a branch of the Netherlands Trading Society bank in Established in 1925, the clan association

building for members with the surname 6 HSBC Bank First opened its Penang branch in 1884, HSBC moved to the present site in 1906.

However, it was destroyed during World War Il and was rebuilt soon after the war. The 19th century association, also called 'Baba Kongsi', comprised members who Standard Chartered Bank are Straits-born Chinese. The construction First started in 1875 at Downing Street, it

acquired the present site (part of the Central

Police Station) in 1924 and officially opened



Members have ancestral origins from Guangdong province and Tengchew

It was barber-to-banker Yeap Chor Ee's (Tingzhou) prefecture, Fujian, China. The home for many years until he moved into Homestead mansion along Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah in 1930s. Tel: 04 261 0190

→ LEISURE ZONE →

death. Tel: 04 262 8748

5 St. Francis Xavier's Church

76 Benggali Mosque

Founded for Tamil-speaking Catholics

in 1857, the present church building, a

presbytery and a school were completed

The present mosque, constructed in 1958.

77 Hainan Association & Temple

1895. Tel: 04 262 3752

Ta Kam Hong

80 Loo Pun Hong

Tel: 04 261 6663

3 Shao Lin Association

The association was established in 1866

for Hainanese clansmen and it moved into

the present building upon its completion in

Master Sik Koh Sum was in Penang

between 1955 to 1960. In 1955, he

restored Shuang Qing Si. He set up the

Penang Sao Lim Athletic Association at 42

The Goldsmith Association was established

called Luban Gumiao, the guild-temple

for carpenters and builders was built in

1886 with Loo Pun as their patron saint.

was built in 1903. Tel: 04 262 5672

Muntri Street in 1956. Tel: 04 261 2013



64 Penang State Museum Built for Penang Free School in 1896. It moved to Jalan Masjid Negeri in 1928 Hutching School then occupied until 1964 when Penang State Museum took over. Tel: 04 226 1461

65 Church of the Assumption With the church's origins dating back to

constructed in 1860. Extensively remodelled in 1929, the church was lucky to escape World War II with just a few broken glass windows.

66 St. Xavier's Institution The oldest Roman Catholic boys school in



67 Cheong Fatt Tze Mansion is standing on the site of an older one built in The mansion was built by Cheong Fatt Tze, 1803. The mosque served Indian-Muslims one of the richest industrialists in Southeast from Bengal, hence called 'Benggali Asia, in 1897 and completed seven years mosque'. External viewing. later. Tel: 04 262 0006



68 The Garage



world". Tel: 04 222 2000

Leong Yin Kean Mansion The mansion, built in 1926, was owned by in 1832. Its current premise at Muntri Street Leong Yin Kean who is the son of Leong



with more than 400 graves dating be

various ethnicities. **Catholic Cemetery**

The late 18th century Catholic cemetery has more than 200 graves with some of Infant Jesus Sisters and De La Salle Brothers

Yeng Keng Hotel & Gateway The mid-1800s building was acquired by a Founded in 1850s, it serves as an Cantonese club in 1897. A wall, a gateway, and a Chinese courtyard were then added for the 12 districts of Guangzhou Prefecture.

3 Dato Koyah Shrine Syed Mustapha Idris, better known as Dato

Koya, was the founder of the shrine which was built in 1800s. He was considered a saint among convict labourers. External viewing. Meng Eng Soo When the government banned secret

societies in 1890, the Ghee Hin secret

society leaders sold or transferred all the society properties and dissolved the society. They then acquired this building and named it 'Meng Eng Soo' to enshrine the ancestral tablets of their leaders.

*Best to visit in between the 5 Muslim daily prayers: 10am-1pm, 2-4pm, 5-7pm.



Segara Ninda Named 'Segara Ninda' by Tengku Baharudin Tengku Meh (1848-1932), an Administrator of Setul, Thailand, in early 1900s. His export 1786, the present church building was first business was at this bungalow until his

Malaysia, founded by De La Salle Brothers in 1852. It was bombed during World War II and rebuilt in 1954. External viewing





It once was the Wearne Brothers (Malaya)

Ltd.'s business premise which sold cars like Morris, British Levland, Austin, and Holden, Occupied by a furniture company in 1980s it is now restored to accommodate bistros. specialty shops and boutiques.



69 Eastern & Oriental Hotel Built in 1885, the hotel had more than 100 rooms. In 1927, it claimed that its 842-foot seafront was "the longest of any hotel in the



The oldest Christian cemetery in Penang 1789 and 1892, belonging to people of

81) Soon Tuck Wooi Kwon A Cantonese district association of Soon

Tuck ('Shunde' as spelt in Mandarin) District, Guangdong Province, China. It was established in 1838. Tel: 04 261 7167

→ ENTERPRISE ZONE →



association (building constructed in 1898)

Tel: 04 261 8620



1900, one of George Town's oldest markets.

The entrance to the market is a distinctive

brick arch that is now painted white

B Rattan Weaver This shop which sells. repairs, stocks rattan and bamboo items such as Campbell Street Market was built around

9 Stonemason and Engraver ocated at Gat Lebuh Acheh, nicknamed Stone

are placed over the front

businesses and homes.

Mr Lee Chee Chena.

Tel: 018 463 4008

2 Chinese Seal

Cutter and

Calligrapher

Mr No carves traditional

ousinessmen, traders, and

calligraphy artists on official

documents and works of

art. Mr Ng Chai Tiam,

3 Paper Oblation

A paper craft maker for

Chinese ritual offerings

deities' birthdays and

4 Pastry Baker

pepper biscuits, and

(Coconut Tarts)

coconut tarts, kuih bahulu,

Cantonese-style kuih which

relatives before a wedding.

are traditionally given to

Mr Leong How Keng,

Tel: 016 401 9211

Craftsman

Tel: 017 478 2878

door of traditional Chinese

Workers' Street in Hokkien. Mr Yeoh produces a range of Chinese, Muslim and Christian tombstones. Mr Signboard Carver Tel: 016 455 7706 ancestral tablets and Chinese deities. Signboards



◆ HERITAGE TRADERS ◆

Shoe Maker (with Nyonya Beaded Shoes)

stone seals that are used by Custom-makes Nyonya beaded shoes and slippers for customers. Clients can either choose their motifs their own, Mr Tan Kok Oo, Tel: 016 454 3075



M Traditional Kitchenware associated with funerals.

One of the last suppliers of traditional Chinese established in 1968, stocks items some of which are handmade. Mr Terrence Lim. Tel: 04 261 6659

Perfumer blished in 1917 S.M. Badienid & Son is the country's oldest manufacturer, wholesale and retailer of perfume compounds, essential oils, bakhoor and oudh. They



6 Pak Tong Kou and **Hum Chim Peng** Maker

 Printing Press and The only surviving pak tong **Book Binder** kou (steamed rice flour cakes) maker in George Penang's oldest printing Town. Also makes hui presses, established in 1935. chim peng (deep fried First press in Penang to pancake). Mr Yee Kok produce locally made diaries Heng, Tel: 016 487 6423 and handmade accounts



Coffee Roaster

offee beans are roasted

with sugar, margarine, salt

ground and packed in the

shop for distribution. Kun

chairs was established in

1940s. Mr Sim Buck Teik,

Tel: 016 454 5686

Kee Food Industries.

Tel: 04 261 2288

Pasar in George Town's Little India enclave. The spices are sourced from various 6 Kapok Pillow and es, Syarikat S.A.F Mattress Maker Tel: 04 262 3944; Syarikat Pillow, mattress and bolster Abdul Ghaffar Trading, coverings are stitched and



1 Hindu Religious Goods and Indian Retailer

Has been in the business for more than 60 years and specialises in Hindu religious and sesame. They are then items for specific needs. Tel: 016 455 8350



Songkok Maker Mr Haia Mohideen is the second generation of sonakok makers, makina songkoks, fezs, and karzi a traditional Northern ndian headdress). Mr Haja Tel: 04 263 1290



 Joss Stick Maker been handcrafting incense and ioss sticks since 1953 using powdered sandalwood, sticky powder from the Teia tree and sawdust. Sandalwood incense sticks and cones are available for purchase as souvenirs. Mr Lee Beng



Sellers Traditionally, pots of rice (nasi) and curry were carried on a pole (kandar) and sold

around town. The trade evolved into chain-style restaurants and smaller, family-run establishments Tel: 04 262 5367; Restorar Sultania, Tel: 04 263 6744; Tel: 04 263 0078



@ Flower Garland

was brought to Penang y Indian immigrants. Barlands and fresh flowers are used as offerings at temples, churches and



Money Changer and Numismatic

Besides being a licensed money-changer, Mr Ameer Hamsa also deals with His father established the business in 1940 MSKM Mohamed Haniffa Forex. Tel: 04 261 0786



for Hajj pilgrims are also Fazal Mohammed Bros. Tel: 04 261 2029



last of goldsmiths which sells only jewelry that are crafted using traditional methods in George Town. The business baskets, chairs and rocking hanalaxmi Veerappan,

Tel: 04 263 3541



2 Sarong and Textile Textile and sarong traders sourced their stock locally as well as from countries in the region. Paraphernalia

Store, Tel: 04 261 2354;

Islamic Books Percetakan Almuarif, first started in 1964, is the largest publisher of Islamic

was established in 1923. Ms books, including the Koran in Malaysia, Percetakan Almuarif . Tel: 04 261 4139

GEORGE TOWN WORLD HERITAGE INCORPORATED

George Town World Heritage Incorporated (GTWHI) was established by the Penang State Government as the State Heritage Agency in April 2010 to spearhead efforts to ensure that George Town's legacy will not be lost.

GTWHI is an organisation dedicated to protecting, promoting and preserving George Town as a sustainable city. GTWHI works in cooperation with the federal, state, and local governments as well as several non-governmental organisations to manage, monitor, promote, and execute heritage-related activities. We identify the problem areas, build a strategy, and call on experts and stakeholders in our vast network to work with us towards the solution.

George Town is a living legend, but it will disintegrate before our very eyes should we fail to nurture it. Therefore, research, impact studies, site usage, public awareness, branding, promotion, public transport, tourism, and security must be given equal attention.

To ensure the sustainability of the World Heritage Site, we work with many partners and collaborators, from conservation specialists and state and city authorities for better planning, conserving and management of the physical site; to historians and arts practitioners on a programme of educational and cultural activities.

We provide advice to property owners, architects and builders; conduct skills development workshops; provide resources on George Town and heritage through our library and digital archive; and we engage with school children, students of institutes of higher learning, and the public through our programme of talks and activities.

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